

GARANTİYDS

2026 BAHAR YDS ZİRVE 2. KELİME SINAVI

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1. The virus can be — through direct contact with infected individuals.

- A) transmitted
- B) diluted
- C) diminished
- D) suspended
- E) fragmented

2. The water supply was found to be — with hazardous chemicals.

- A) purified
- B) enriched
- C) contaminated
- D) stabilized
- E) preserved

3. — all his objectives, the researcher decided to retire early.

- A) To accomplish
- B) Having accomplished
- C) Accomplishing
- D) Being accomplished
- E) Accomplished

4. Most experts — that immediate action is necessary.

- A) oppose
- B) hesitate
- C) deny
- D) concur
- E) disregard

5. Antibiotics should be used — to prevent resistance.

- A) extensively
- B) frequently
- C) sparingly
- D) randomly
- E) excessively

6. The new findings may — previous assumptions about climate change.

- A) upend
- B) reinforce
- C) replicate
- D) validate
- E) preserve

7. The company decided to — its outdated infrastructure.

- A) sustain
- B) overhaul
- C) inherit
- D) comply
- E) reinforce

8. The policy aims to — carbon emissions significantly.

- A) expand
- B) foster
- C) promote
- D) curtail
- E) obscure

9. The region experienced a severe economic — after the crisis.

- A) prosperity
- B) recession
- C) intervention
- D) cohesion
- E) abundance

10. The scientist explained the theory with remarkable —.

- A) discrepancy
- B) ambiguity
- C) precision
- D) hostility
- E) resilience

11. The government will — new safety regulations next year.

- A) implement
- B) suspend
- C) dismantle
- D) revoke
- E) ignore

12. The two reports reveal a clear — between the results.

- A) cohesion
- B) compliance
- C) discrepancy
- D) prosperity
- E) precision

13. The species proved highly — in adapting to environmental stress.

- A) obsolete
- B) fragile
- C) ambiguous
- D) hostile
- E) resilient

14. Rapid urbanization may — environmental degradation.

- A) exacerbate
- B) obscure
- C) abandon
- D) dissolve
- E) fragment

15. The committee decided to — the proposal until further notice.

- A) validate
- B) implement
- C) postpone
- D) replicate
- E) foster

16. The discovery led to a scientific — in cancer research.

- A) accumulation
- B) breakthrough
- C) recession
- D) intervention
- E) discrepancy

17. The report was criticized for its — language.

- A) cohesive
- B) resilient
- C) ambiguous
- D) sustainable
- E) abundant

18. The government introduced financial — to encourage investment.

- A) recessions
- B) hierarchies
- C) conflicts
- D) incentives
- E) transitions

19. The experiment was repeated to — earlier findings.

- A) replicate
- B) obscure
- C) fragment
- D) revoke
- E) dismantle

20. The ancient text provides — insights into early civilizations.

- A) trivial
- B) redundant
- C) invaluable
- D) hostile
- E) obsolete

21. The new technology may — traditional manufacturing methods.

- A) sustain
- B) revolutionize
- C) replicate
- D) preserve
- E) obscure

22. The data appear to — the original hypothesis.

- A) contradict
- B) fragment
- C) suspend
- D) abandon
- E) validate

23. The species is particularly — to habitat destruction.

- A) cohesive
- B) vulnerable
- C) resilient
- D) obsolete
- E) abundant

24. The proposal lacks empirical — to support its claims.

- A) recession
- B) intervention
- C) hierarchy
- D) evidence
- E) prosperity

25. The company must — renewable resources efficiently.

- A) harness
- B) obscure
- C) dismantle
- D) fragment
- E) revoke

26. The economy is undergoing a major structural —.

- A) discrepancy
- B) precision
- C) recession
- D) transition
- E) hostility

27. The results were statistically — and therefore reliable.

- A) insignificant
- B) ambiguous
- C) redundant
- D) significant
- E) obsolete

28. The policy was introduced to — social inequality.

- A) sustain
- B) exacerbate
- C) curtail
- D) preserve
- E) replicate

29. The two theories are not — with each other.

- A) vulnerable
- B) cohesive
- C) compatible
- D) obsolete
- E) hostile

30. The committee will — the data before publishing the report.

- A) scrutinize
- B) suspend
- C) dissolve
- D) revoke
- E) fragment

31. The crisis had a — impact on small enterprises.

- A) marginal
- B) negligible
- C) redundant
- D) trivial
- E) profound

32. The scientist attempted to — the origin of the phenomenon.

- A) distort
- B) trace
- C) obscure
- D) abandon
- E) fragment

33. The corporation faced public — after the scandal.

- A) cohesion
- B) abundance
- C) prosperity
- D) backlash
- E) intervention

34. The findings may — further investigation in the field.

- A) suspend
- B) abandon
- C) replicate
- D) preserve
- E) trigger

35. The document outlines a clear administrative — within the institution.

- A) cohesion
- B) resilience
- C) hostility
- D) discrepancy
- E) hierarchy

36. The data were collected under strictly — conditions.

- A) controlled
- B) diminished
- C) obsolete
- D) fragmented
- E) hostile

37. The organization seeks to — long-term sustainability goals.

- A) abandon
- B) obscure
- C) accomplish
- D) fragment
- E) revoke

38. The economic policy aims to ensure national —.

- A) hostility
- B) prosperity
- C) discrepancy
- D) intervention
- E) recession

39. The ecosystem is extremely — to climate fluctuations.

- A) resilient
- B) cohesive
- C) obsolete
- D) vulnerable
- E) ambiguous

40. The results were considered too — to draw firm conclusions.

- A) precise
- B) significant
- C) cohesive
- D) resilient
- E) inconclusive

